

Journal Of Epidemiology Japan

Health in Japan **Health and Social Disparity Epidemiologic Research on Real-World Medical Data in Japan** *Social Determinants of Health in Non-communicable Diseases* *Occupational Epidemiology* **Status Syndrome Epidemiology of the Diseases of Naval Importance in Korea** **Progress in Social Psychiatry in Japan** **Recent statistical data book of intractable diseases in Japan** *Science and Practice for Heated Tobacco Products* *Gastric Anisakiasis in Japan* *Phacomatosis in Japan: Epidemiology, Clinical Picture and Molecular Biology* **Epidemiological Studies of Specified Rare and Intractable Disease** *The Atlas of Health Inequalities in Japan* *Cerebral Palsy* **Epidemiology of Diseases of Naval Importance in China** *Secrets of the World's Healthiest Children* *Health Effects of Air Pollution and the Japanese Compensation Law* *Epidemiology and Control of Hypertension* *Life-style and Mortality* **A Primer on Clinical Experience in Medicine** *Lessons for Science from the Seven Countries Study* *Changing Cancer Patterns and Topics in Cancer Epidemiology* *Global Epidemiology, a Geography of Disease and Sanitation: pt. 1. India and the Far East. pt. 2. The Pacific area* **DA Pam Epidemiology and Cancer Registries in the Pacific Basin** *Severe Fever with Thrombocytopenia Syndrome* *Current Bibliography of Epidemiology* **Asbestos Disaster** *Reimagining Psychiatric Epidemiology in a Global Frame* **Radiation and Humankind** **Influenza Annual Report** **Standardization of Epidemiological Studies of Host Susceptibility** **Epidemic Encephalitis; Etiology, Epidemiology, Treatment** **Japanese Encephalitis and West Nile Viruses** **Epidemiology of Chronic Disease: Global Perspectives** *Technical Assistance (financed from the Japan Special Fund) to the Socialist Republic of Viet Nam for Capacity Building for Prevention of Food-borne Diseases* *Bridging Islands* *Epidemiology of Cerebrovascular Disease*

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Standardization of Epidemiological Studies of Host Susceptibility Jan 02 2020 Proceedings of a NATO ARW held in Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, June 23-27, 1992.

Cerebral Palsy Aug 21 2021 This edited book presents the latest information on epidemiology, pathophysiology, diagnosis, and some current topics covering all aspects of cerebral palsy. It offers a novel interpretation of a group of lifelong movement disorders, which now is an accepted notion that the causes of cerebral palsy are multifactorial rather than birth asphyxia. The book is organized into three parts, and it begins with illustrating the perspective of the disease. Then focuses on the relationship between clinical features of perinatal complications/events and cerebral palsy. The last part offers a hot topic of the prevention, such as hypothermia, neuroprotection, and stem cell transfer. Since there is no cure for this congenital motor disability of cerebral origin, effective strategies for primary prevention are highly desirable. Effective strategies require an understanding of causal pathways and the Editor wishes to disseminate the experience and knowledge through this comprehensive volume to the readers. *Cerebral Palsy - Perspective and Clinical Relation to Perinatal Complications/Events* is a valuable source for clinicians, researchers, and medical staff who deal with the management of pregnancy and delivery. It also attracts clinicians worldwide who are interested in recent updates on this field.

Asbestos Disaster Jun 06 2020 Japan's asbestos disasters, encompassing both occupational disease and environmental pollution, have been caused principally by the asbestos textile, asbestos cement water pipe, and construction industries. This book is unique in its interdisciplinary approach to those disasters as it incorporates medical science, economics, political science, law, architecture, environmental engineering, sociology, and journalism. Written by authorities in their fields, the chapters reflect the integration of these disciplines in topics that include a historical review of asbestos issues in Japan, asbestos-related diseases, international aspects of the asbestos industry, public policy, divisions of responsibility, relief activities in emergencies, and countermeasures enacted by local governments. The lessons of asbestos problems and policies in Japan are particularly important for developing countries to prevent the proliferation of asbestos disasters. This volume serves as a textbook on asbestos issues for all countries, especially where there is widespread use of asbestos.

Changing Cancer Patterns and Topics in Cancer Epidemiology Dec 13 2020 Despite an enormous investment of effort throughout the world, cancer is still a major barrier to human longevity. Cancer deaths are estimated to be more than five million globally. Currently responsible for about 20% of all deaths in developed countries, the burden of cancer is steadily increasing in the developing world, following the control of malnutrition and infectious and parasitic diseases. Deeply impressed by the report of the Symposium on Geographic Pathology and Demography of Cancer held at Oxford in 1950, and through his preliminary work on cancer mortality statistics in Japan, Professor M. Segi decided to devote his life to the fight against cancer by establishing worldwide comparative cancer statistics—one of the landmarks in cancer studies and in cancer prevention strategies. He and his associates published six volumes of *Cancer Mortality in 24 Countries* with reliable mortality statistics covering 1950-1967, using the world population which he had derived as a standard. These publications rapidly became standard works of reference on the subject throughout the world. Professor Segi was a pioneer of cancer epidemiology in Japan. He cleaved a path through the jungle of cancer using epidemiological methods. By promoting cancer studies, he overcame the poor understanding of malignant disease which existed after World War II, when cancer mortality rates were still low.

Occupational Epidemiology Jun 30 2022

Lessons for Science from the Seven Countries Study Jan 14 2021 The Seven Countries Study has made central contributions to the understanding of the socio-cultural influences on population rates of cardiovascular diseases (CVD). It has pointed the way to preventive strategies for whole populations. The Study is unique as a long-term investigation, now in its 35th year. This pioneering work arose in part from a meeting between Professors Ancel Keys and Noboru Kimura to discuss differences observed in clinical manifestations and pathology of coronary disease in the U.S. and Japan. Professor Keys started explorations of the importance in these differences of dietary fat and serum cholesterol when he visited Japan in 1954, and thereafter initiated the Seven Countries Study to test these hypotheses. In the Japanese cohorts of the Study, it became evident from the outset that coronary artery disease was extremely rare, but its incidence has since increased along with dramatic lifestyle changes from traditional Japanese to western styles. The Japanese experience contrasts with a reduction in coronary artery disease in many western countries along with establishment of major preventive efforts in risk factor reduction and cardiac care.

Epidemiology of Chronic Disease: Global Perspectives Sep 29 2019 *Epidemiology of Chronic Disease: Global Perspectives* is the most current and authoritative resource on the epidemiology, etiology, pathogenesis, risk factors and preventive factors of over 50 major chronic diseases and conditions. This comprehensive text provides readers with an excellent basis for examining current hypotheses regarding chronic disease epidemiology.

Gastric Anisakiasis in Japan Dec 25 2021 The larvae of *Anisakis*, whose adult form lives on sea mammals such as whales, seals, and dolphins, are parasitic upon many species of salt-water fish. When the final host animals eat paratenic hosts, the larvae grow to adulthood in the hosts' stomach. However, when humans eat these infested fish, the larvae die instead, causing a disease called anisakiasis. In 1960, in the Netherlands, van Thiel et

al. found a worm in the intestinal wall of a patient who had eaten raw herring and had suffered symptoms of acute abdomen. The impact of this report was tremendous among Japanese parasitologists because of the Japanese habit of eating raw fish. In 1964, the Special Research Group from the Ministry of Education was established to investigate the disease, stimulating progress in the study of anisakiasis. Three types of worm, *Anisakis simplex* larva (previously known as *Anisakis larva* type I), *Anisakis physeteris* larva (*Anisakis larva* type II), and *Pseudoterranova decipiens* larva type A, are believed to cause anisakiasis. As many as 165 kinds of fish and squid in the seas near Japan are hosts to *Anisakis simplex*, and 9 species are hosts to *Pseudoterranova decipiens* larvae. *Contra caecum* has experimentally been observed to invade the gastrointestinal tract, but no infection by this larva has been reported in humans. A case of infection by *Pseudoterranova decipiens* type B has been described. In Japan, the name *Terranova decipiens* (Shiraki 1974) has been adopted instead of *Phocanema decipiens* (Mozgovoi 1953).

Health in Japan Nov 04 2022 *Health Inequalities in Japan* brings together the expertise of Japan's leading social epidemiologists in English for the first time. Providing a balanced perspective on the determinants of wellbeing and illness, it gives a valuable insight into the epidemiological underpinnings of one of the world's healthiest populaces.

Health Effects of Air Pollution and the Japanese Compensation Law May 18 2021

Recent statistical data book of intractable diseases in Japan Feb 24 2022

Health and Social Disparity Oct 03 2022 Do the rich live longer than the poor? To what extent do class and occupational positions affect one's health? How does social capital relate to illness? In what ways does social structure influence health literacy? How about other variables, such as the place of residence, house ownership, education, population density, and marriage status? Eleven experts collectively grapple with these and other questions in the Japanese and international context through empirical studies and comparative analysis. From the perspective of social epidemiology, the contributors to this novel study examine the webs linking social distribution and social determinants of health. They present provocative conclusions.

Japanese Encephalitis and West Nile Viruses Oct 30 2019 This volume has extensive literature on these two viruses, with different chapters describing various aspects of their ecology, biology, molecular structure, replication and epidemiology. Source of information on the two viruses for virologists, infectious disease specialists, entomologists, veterinarians and public health personnel

Secrets of the World's Healthiest Children Jun 18 2021 This is the U.S. Paperback Edition. We all want our children to be healthy and happy, but food - the very thing that should nourish the next generation - has become a battleground for many families, and the source of much confusion and controversy in the media. In this inspiring book, husband-and-wife team Naomi Moriyama - herself born and raised in Japan - and William Doyle examine the evidence that Japanese children enjoy the healthiest lives in the world, distilling the facts into seven practical steps that all parents can take to nurture their child's health. Discover: *How to tweak, rather than overhaul, your family's meals to make them much healthier *Why you should adopt a relaxed attitude and not demonize foods *The importance of repeatedly exposing children to new foods - and how to do it effectively *Why allowing children to serve themselves - and get involved in food preparation - will help them to foster good habits *How to nurture a Japanese-style 'wrap-around' family lifestyle that encourages a lifelong healthy attitude to food and physical activity Packed with guidance from leading health researchers and doctors, comprehensive practical advice and a recipe section of delicious Japanese-style meals! *Secrets of the World's Healthiest Children* will help you take the necessary steps to guide your child to a long and healthy life. Praise for *Secrets of the World's Healthiest Children* "This is a great set of principles that are solidly based and yet simple." - Dr. Walter Willett, Chair, Department of Nutrition, Harvard School of Public Health, one of the world's leading nutritionists "A meticulously researched book full of valuable practical advice, *Secrets of the World's Healthiest Children* deserves a place on every parent's bookshelf." - Dr. Lucy Cooke, Honorary Senior Research Associate, Department of Epidemiology and Public Health, University College London "A very sensible and encouraging list of "do's" - rather than "don'ts" - that will make for healthy, long living!" - I-Min Lee, MD, ScD, Professor of Medicine, Harvard Medical School Professor of Epidemiology, Harvard T.H. Chan School of Public Health Brigham and Women's Hospital "The tips are great." - Professor Carlos A. Monteiro, Department of Nutrition, School of Public Health, University of Sao Paulo "These tips will add many years to life - - and life to years!" - Pekka Puska, President, Int. Ass. of National Public Health Institutes (IANPHI); Past Director General, National Institute for Health and Welfare (THL), Finland; Past President, World Heart Federation (WHF) "The recommendations are sensible, achievable and evidence-based; rooted in science, intuition, and precedence." - Mark Tremblay, Ph.D., D.Litt. (hons), FACSM, CSEP-CEP, Director, Healthy Active Living and Obesity Research Group (HALO), CHEO Research Institute, Professor/Scientist, Department of Pediatrics, University of Ottawa, Canada, Chair, Active Healthy Kids Global Alliance <http://www.naomimoriyama.com>

Life-style and Mortality Mar 16 2021 This study is unique in covering an almost complete census population and in dealing with the influence of both cigarette smoking and most other life style variables of epidemiological interest and that the large cohort under investigation comes from a non-Caucasian population.

Epidemiology and Cancer Registries in the Pacific Basin Sep 09 2020

Epidemiological Studies of Specified Rare and Intractable Disease Oct 23 2021 This book presents research findings from epidemiological studies investigating chronic and intractable diseases with unidentifiable causes from a clinical perspective. Each chapter provides the latest findings on specific diseases, including procedures for their study, insights into their causes, risk factors and preventive factors providing a foundation for new ideas and further development as well as establishing treatment procedures. *Epidemiological Studies of Specified Rare and Intractable Disease* (Nanbyo in Japanese) is a valuable resource for both new and established researchers as well as students who are seeking information on public health and on environmental and clinical epidemiology.

Science and Practice for Heated Tobacco Products Jan 26 2022 The main focus of this book is providing evidence on and interpreting the risks associated with heated tobacco products (HTPs) in terms of their health effects and social effects; in addition, the author introduces a harm reduction theory related to HTPs and electronic cigarettes. The book also addresses the history of these products, their marketing strategies, and policy implications. These products are new and the accompanying health risks have yet to be determined. However, since Japan accounts for more than 80% of the world's market for IQOS, the most popular heated tobacco product, researchers around the globe will be very interested in the outcomes. Written by a leading researcher in the field of tobacco control, *Science and Practice for Heated Tobacco Products* offers a valuable, unique resource for researchers in the fields of epidemiology, public health, social sciences, addiction, and tobacco research. Since tobacco is associated with a host of diseases including cancers, cardiovascular diseases, diabetes mellitus, and respiratory illnesses, researchers and healthcare workers whose work involves these diseases will find this book both thought provoking and insightful.

The Atlas of Health Inequalities in Japan Sep 21 2021 This new health atlas of Japan presents a series of maps about the health of the contemporary Japanese population, i.e. detailed maps of health indicators in small areas using cartograms. This is the first comprehensive small-area based health atlas about contemporary Japan using vital statistics from 1995-2014. Each map is supplemented with concise explanations written by leading epidemiologists and health geographers in Japan. The book employs various cutting-edge methods in spatial epidemiology, Bayesian spatial smoothing for the reliable mapping of mortality indices, advanced cartographic transformations using the concept of aerial cartograms, and summary statistics of socioeconomic health inequalities. The atlas highlights geographical aspects of social gradients in health by comparing mortality maps with distribution of deprivation index during the recent long-lasting economic stagnation period of Japan known as the lost decades. This health atlas will be a useful resource for international comparisons between Japan and other advanced countries in terms of health and related socioeconomic disparities between regions. It will be of interest to public health practitioners, administrators, researchers and students working on health geography and public health.

Epidemiology of the Diseases of Naval Importance in Korea Apr 28 2022

Severe Fever with Thrombocytopenia Syndrome Aug 09 2020 This book presents the latest knowledge on all aspects of severe fever with thrombocytopenia syndrome (SFTS), an emerging infectious disease endemic to China, South Korea, and Japan that is caused by a bunyavirus first

discovered in 2011, widely referred to as SFTS virus (SFTSV) though recently renamed Huaiyangshan banyangvirus. The contents will be of interest for the light that they cast on not only this viral infection but viral hemorrhagic fevers in general. The opening chapters summarize general considerations and perspectives regarding SFTS and describe the discovery process in each of the affected countries. The basic mechanism of SFTSV infection is then examined from the perspectives of epidemiology, pathology, and virology. The book goes on to examine in detail the mode of spread and transmission of SFTSV, means of infection control, and diagnosis and therapy. The final two chapters explore Heartland virus infections and Crimean-Congo hemorrhagic fever with the aim of highlighting similarities and differences compared with SFTS. This book will be of interest to all researchers who study emerging viruses and infections, whether in Asia or elsewhere, as well as to clinicians who may encounter SFTS.

Reimagining Psychiatric Epidemiology in a Global Frame May 06 2020 Examines psychiatric epidemiology's unique evolution, conceptually and socially, within and between diverse regions and cultures, underscoring its growing influence on the biopolitics of nations and worldwide health campaigns.

Annual Report Feb 01 2020

Influenza Mar 04 2020 This book explores the latest research and practical data on the clinical management of influenza. Starting with the definition, epidemiology and pathogenesis, the first part reviews the basic science of the influenza virus and infection. The next three parts then discuss the diagnosis, complications and management, providing practical data and insights that are useful in day-to-day patient care. The last part focuses on the trending topics, including a new drug, oral baloxavir marboxil, which was introduced in Japan in 2018 and is the first polymerase inhibitor to be licensed for the treatment of uncomplicated influenza. In Japan, since the medical insurance system is well-established, patients receive medical examinations quickly after the onset of influenza viral infection, making it easy to implement early diagnostic tools and early treatment. Providing practical data and insights, *Influenza - Advances in Diagnosis and Management* is a useful resource for clinicians, residents and trainees around the globe.

Bridging Islands Jul 28 2019 *Bridging Islands* is a detailed examination of the key role of venture companies in national technical and economic success, contrasting the industrial and social organization of the world's two largest economies, the US and Japan. The author argues that national policy on venture companies is of paramount importance to their economic growth.

Progress in Social Psychiatry in Japan Mar 28 2022 Social psychiatry is a multidisciplinary field analyzing mechanisms of mental health issues comprehensively to contribute to society using the findings. Those findings include biological, psychological, and social aspects and they are based on psychiatry and connected with a wide variety of academic fields, including psychology, sociology, law, economics, and religious studies.

Epidemiological research in psychiatry is a field of study in patients with psychiatric disorder attempting to investigate causes, to develop clinical applications of the results, and to determine applications to health services plans for individuals and/or communities. They are both foundation for understanding biopsychosocial view in psychiatry but not many comprehensive volumes covering the topic were not available until now. This book is thus a unique, comprehensive reference with evidence-based approach to provide concise summary of researches for such as schizophrenia, affective disorders, psychiatric disorders in the general practice setting, and disaster psychiatry, especially for the case of atomic bomb diseases. The studies were mostly carried out in the region of Nagasaki, the prefecture experienced a nuclear attack at the time of World War II. Psychiatric findings in mental health problems among atomic bomb survivors and sufferers in Nagasaki has been established and Nagasaki is the only area that fulfills the conditions of the subject of the study of psychiatric epidemiology and social psychiatry which is going to be described in this book. This book provides a valuable resource not only for physicians and researchers in the field of psychiatry and mental health but for people who work for mental health welfare department.

Global Epidemiology, a Geography of Disease and Sanitation: pt. 1. India and the Far East. pt. 2. The Pacific area Nov 11 2020

Epidemiologic Research on Real-World Medical Data in Japan Sep 02 2022 This book analyzes the development of medical big data projects in Japan. Japan is experiencing unprecedented population aging, and labor productivity has decreased accordingly. Big data analysis of the Japanese medical real-world database (RWD) has the potential to tackle this issue. To allow readers to gain an understanding of Japanese medical big data analysis, the book discusses the original Japanese system that generates medical RWDs in the hospital medical records system, the nationwide standardized health checkup system, and the public medical insurance system in Japan. After introducing four major big data projects in the healthcare-medical field in Japan, the book explains the importance of creating information standards to maintain data quality and to analyze medical big data. It enables readers to analyze which standards are installed in which RWDs, how the standards are maintained, and which issues are prevalent in Japan. This book also describes the ethical processes involved in big data projects involving medical RWDs in Japan.

Epidemiology and Control of Hypertension Apr 16 2021

A Primer on Clinical Experience in Medicine Feb 12 2021 Mastery of quality health care and patient safety begins as soon as we open the hospital doors for the first time and start acquiring practical experience. The acquisition of such experience includes much more than the development of sensorimotor skills and basic knowledge of the sciences. It relies on effective reasoning, decision making, and communication shared by all health professionals, including physicians, nurses, dentists, pharmacists, physiotherapists, and administrators. *A Primer on Clinical Experience in Medicine: Reasoning, Decision Making, and Communication in Health Sciences* is about these essential skills. It describes how physicians and health professionals reason, make decisions, and practice medicine. Covering the basic considerations related to clinical and caregiver reasoning, it lays out a roadmap to help those new to health care as well as seasoned veterans overcome the complexities of working for the well-being of those who trust us with their physical, mental, and spiritual health. The book provides a step-by-step breakdown of the reasoning process for clinical work and clinical care. It examines both general and medical ways of thinking, reasoning, argumentation, fact finding, and using evidence. Outlining the fundamentals of decision making, it integrates coverage of clinical reasoning, risk assessment, diagnosis, treatment, and prognosis in evidence-based medicine. It also: Describes how to evaluate the success (effectiveness and cure) and failure (error and harm) of clinical and community actions Considers communication with patients and outlines strategies, successes, failures, and possible remedies—including offices, bedside, intervention, and care settings Examines strategies, successes, failures, and possible remedies for communication with peers—including interpersonal communication, morning reports, rounds, and research gatherings The book describes vehicles, opportunities, and environments for enhanced professional communication, including patient interviews, clinical case reports, and morning reports. It includes numerous examples that demonstrate the importance of sound reasoning, decision making, and communication and also considers future implications for research, management, planning, and evaluation.

Current Bibliography of Epidemiology Jul 08 2020

DA Pam Oct 11 2020

Epidemic Encephalitis; Etiology, Epidemiology, Treatment Dec 01 2019

Epidemiology of Cerebrovascular Disease Jun 26 2019

Status Syndrome May 30 2022 Why do Oscar winners live for an average of four years longer than other Hollywood actors? Who experiences the most stress - the decision-makers or those who carry out their orders? Why do the Japanese have better health than other rich populations, and Keralans in India have better health than other poor populations - and what do they have in common? In this eye-opening book, internationally renowned epidemiologist Michael Marmot sets out to answer these and many other fascinating questions in order to understand the relationship between where we stand in the social hierarchy and our health and longevity. It is based on more than thirty years of front-line research between health and social circumstances. Marmot's work has taken him round the world showing the similar patterns that could be affecting the length of your life - and how you can change it.

Technical Assistance (financed from the Japan Special Fund) to the Socialist Republic of Viet Nam for Capacity Building for Prevention of Food-borne Diseases Aug 28 2019

Epidemiology of Diseases of Naval Importance in China Jul 20 2021

Radiation and Humankind Apr 04 2020 This volume is a compilation of 38 papers presented at the First Nagasaki Symposium of the International Consortium for Medical Care of Hibakusha and Radiation Life Science held in Japan on 21 and 22 February 2003. The use of radiation has extended to various fields including medicine, agriculture, science and engineering, and atomic energy has come to comprise a significant portion of the electric power generated in several advanced countries. The effects of radiation on human health have been investigated in atomic bomb survivors for more than half a century, and the knowledge thus obtained has greatly enriched our understanding. The Chernobyl accident, however, indicated that exposure to low doses of radiation affects human health in a way different from that observed in atomic bomb survivors. Recognizing the importance of research on low dose or low dose rate radiation, the above event was launched as a 21st Century COE Program with the aim to create an international base for studies on the health effects of low dose or low dose rate radiation from the viewpoint of epidemiology, molecular epidemiology and radiation biology. More than 100 scientists, including 18 scientists from seven countries overseas, participated in the symposium and satellite meetings and engaged in intensive discussions in the above field.

Phacomatosis in Japan; Epidemiology, Clinical Picture and Molecular Biology Nov 23 2021

Social Determinants of Health in Non-communicable Diseases Aug 01 2022 This book is open access under a CC BY-NC-ND 4.0 license. This open access book is the first compilation that reviews a wide range of social determinants of health (SDHs) for non-communicable diseases (NCDs) and healthy ageing in Japan. With the highest life expectancy and the largest elderly population in the world, Japan has witnessed health inequality by region and social class becoming more prevalent since the 2000s. The first half of this volume describes in detail major NCDs, such as cancers, heart and kidney diseases, diabetes, stroke, and metabolic syndrome. The second half, on the other hand, explores various SDHs relating to healthy ageing. All chapters review and focus on SDHs, particularly health inequality associated with socio-economic status and social capital, which are widely addressed in the field of social epidemiology. The book makes the argument that "Health for All" advocated by the WHO should be implemented based on social justice and benefits for the greater society. Public health researchers and policymakers, both in Japan and other nations, will gain scientific evidence from this book to prepare for the coming era as ageing becomes a global issue.